Math and Measuring the Star-Spangled Banner

Objective: Students will be able to measure 30 feet high by 42 feet wide and visualize the area of the Star-Spangled Banner.

Time: 20-45 minutes, depending on who measures and cuts string. **Skills:** Counting, measuring, spatial understanding, teamwork.

Content area: Mathematics- Geometry, Mathematics- Arithmetic, Social

Studies- United States history

Materials:

- ♦ Blue and red colored ribbon, yarn, or string
- ♦ Foot long rulers
- ♦ Scissors
- Playground, cafeteria, or gym
- ♦ Camera

Standards:

NCHS History Standards

K-4 Historical Content Standards

4E: The student understands national symbols through which American values and principles are expressed.

Principles and Standards for School Mathematics

K-2 Standards: Numbers and Operations

Use a variety of methods and tools to compute, including objects, mental computation, estimation, paper and pencil, and calculators **Count** with understanding and recognize "how many" in sets of objects K-2 Standards: Geometry

Create mental images of geometric shapes using spatial memory and spatial visualization

Recognize and represent shapes from different perspectives **Relate** ideas in geometry to ideas in number and measurement **Recognize** geometric shapes and structures in the environment and specify their location

K-2 Standards: Measurement

Recognize the attributes of length, volume, weight, area, and time **Understand** how to measure using nonstandard and standard units **Use** tools to measure

Use repetition of a single unit to measure something larger than the unit

GRADES K-2









Introduction:

The original Star-Spangled Banner was 30 feet high and 42 feet wide. Mrs. Pickersgill sewed the original flag in 1813, with the help of her 13-year-old daughter. Why did Mrs. Pickersgill make the flag that big? How big is 30 feet by 42 feet?

Directions:

- 1. Prior to this activity, mark off each foot of the four strings with a marker so that your class can count the length and width, by ones and/or by fives. Leave a little extra string at the end so that each of the four pieces can be tied to the string representing the adjacent side.
- 2. Using a foot-long ruler, have students measure two pieces of blue string 42 feet long.
- 3. Using a foot-long ruler, have students measure two pieces of red string 30 feet
- 4. Move to a large open area.
- 5. Explain that the measured strings represent sides of the Star-Spangled Banner and ask them if they can put them together in the shape of a rectangle.
- 6. Once they have figured out how the string needs to lie, have them tie the corners together. All of the class can help support the outline of the flag they've created.
- 7. Take a picture of the string "flag" to display later.

Challenge:

- 1. Let your class guess how many students can fit inside your flag. You may ask them to think of some other objects and guess how many of each would be required to fill in the flag.
- 2. Divide your class into groups of four. With rulers or measuring tape, have them measure other things in the school, such as desks, blackboards, posters, and even areas like a basketball court in the gym. They can measure the size of your classroom, and/or measure things outside or at home. How do all these things compare in size to the Star-Spangled Banner? Create a poster showing the results of the class's findings.
- 3. Create a living flag. Pick students in your class to represent the stars and stripes of the Star-Spangled Banner. Based on which component they represent they should wear appropriate colors and determine where they need to stand/sit/lie down.
- 4. Introduce the concept of areas and perimeters. Ask students to differentiate between the perimeter and the area of the flag. This can be done for other objects as well.
- 5. Find out more about the flag and see pictures at http://www.americanhistory.si.edu/starspangledbanner.

GRADES K-2









The Star-Spangled Banner Project

Acknowledgements

For the History Channel

Editor

Libby O'Connell, Ph.D. V.P. Historical Alliances

Business Manager

Beth Ann Marian, M.Ed.

Business Coordinator

Lourdes Gamez

Created By

Libby O'Connell, Ph.D. Beth Ann Marian, M.Ed. Kevin Blake

Jodi Greenwald

Research

Jamie Eschrict Jodi Greenwald Kevin Blake

Creative Design

Madeline Gleason

Wendy Toffel

For The National Museum of American History

Director, Education and Visitor Services

Nancy McCoy

Director, Hands-On Science Center

Theresa Esterlund

Education Specialists Amy Bartow-Melia Burt Glassman Tim Grove Director, Star-Spangled Banner Project

Ron Becker

Chief Conservator

Suzanne Thomassen-Krauss

Curator, Star-Spangled Banner Conservation Exhibition

Lonn Taylor

Chief of Education, Lemelson Center

Michael Judd

Teacher Advisors

Gloria Allen, Bunker Hill Elementary, Washington, D.C.
Veronica Bryant, Cameron Elementary, Fairfax Co,. VA
Rhonda Dillard, Francis Scott Key Middle School, Montgomery Co., MD
Henry Edwards, Burgundy Farm Country Day, Alexandria, VA
Susan Hurscalderone, Blessed Sacrament, Chevy Chase, MD
Mike Rutherford, Manassas County Public Schools, VA
Robert Sindall, Cold Springs Elementary, Montgomery Co., MD
Vikki Wismer, Flintstone Elementary, Prince Georges Co., MD

GRADES K-2







